

### CLAIMS LISTING 3/17/05

1. (currently amended) A compound having the structure

wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is an alkyl group comprising 2-6 carbon atoms,

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl groups, and protecting groups,

R<sup>3</sup> is an optionally substituted alkyl group comprising 1-4 carbon atoms, and

Z is L-X-Q wherein L comprises 1-15 carbon atoms and 0-6 heteroatoms, with the proviso that L is bound to the ring carbon atom via -CH<sub>2</sub>- or -CH<sub>2</sub>O-, X is selected from the group consisting of O, CO, NR<sup>4</sup>, S, C(=NH)O, NH(CO), NH(CO)NH, NH(CS), NH(CS)NH, O(CO)NH, and NH(C=NH), and maleimidothioether, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl groups comprising 1-4 carbon atoms, and Q is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, leaving groups, macromolecular carriers, and labels.

- 2. (original) The compound of claim 1 wherein the macromolecular carrier is selected from the group consisting of proteins, polypeptides, and polysaccharides.
- 3. (original) The compound of claim 1 wherein the macromolecular carrier is selected from the group consisting of keyhole limpet hemocyanin, bovine serum albumin, and bovine thyroglobulin.
- 4. (cancelled)
- 5. (original) The compound of claim 1 wherein L is  $(CH_2)_3$  and X is CO.
- 6. (original) The compound of claim 1 wherein Q is a leaving group.
- (original) The compound of claim 1 wherein R<sup>1</sup> is ethyl, R<sup>3</sup> is methyl, and Q is a leaving group comprising N-oxysuccinimide.
- 8. (cancelled)

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- 9. (cancelled)
- 10. (original) Cell line NEAMP 48.2, ATCC designation PTA-5295, producing a monoclonal antibody binding preferentially to MDEA.
- 11. (original) A monoclonal antibody produced from cell line NEAMP 48.2, ATCC designation PTA-5295, the antibody binding preferentially to MDEA.
- 12. (cancelled)
- 13. (original) Cell line NEAMP 62.1, ATCC designation PTA-5294, producing a monoclonal antibody binding preferentially to MDEA.
- 14. (original) A monoclonal antibody produced from cell line NEAMP 62.1, ATCC designation PTA-5294, the antibody binding preferentially to MDEA.
- 15. (cancelled)
- 16. (original) An antibody that preferentially binds MDEA relative to other members of the ecstasy class of drugs.
- 17. (original) The antibody of claim 16 characterized by having greater than 90% cross-reactivity to N-ethylamphetamine.
- 18. (original) The antibody of claim 17 characterized by having greater than 1% cross-reactivity to *d*-methamphetamine.
- 19. (original) The antibody of claim 16 characterized by having less than 1% cross-reactivity each to ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, and phenylpropanolamine.
- (original) The antibody of claim 16 characterized by having less than 20% cross-reactivity to Nethylamphetamine.
- 21. (original) The antibody of claim 16 characterized by having greater than 40% cross-reactivity to BDB.

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22. (currently amended) An antibody generated in response to a compound having the structure

$$Z \xrightarrow{R^3} R^2$$

wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is an alkyl group comprising 2-6 carbon atoms,

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl groups, and protecting groups,

R<sup>3</sup> is an optionally substituted alkyl group comprising 1-4 carbon atoms, and

Z is L-X-Q wherein L comprises 1-15 carbon atoms and 0-6 heteroatoms, with the proviso that L is bound to the ring carbon atom via -CH<sub>2</sub>- or -CH<sub>2</sub>O-, X is selected from the group consisting of O, CO, NR<sup>4</sup>, S, C(=NH)O, NH(CO), NH(CO)NH, NH(CS), NH(CS)NH, O(CO)NH, and NH(C=NH), and maleimidothioether, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl groups comprising 1-4 carbon atoms, and Q is a macromolecular carrier selected from the group consisting of proteins, polypeptides, and polysaccharides.

- 23. (original) The antibody of claim 22 wherein the protein is selected from the group consisting of keyhole limpet hemocyanin, bovine serum albumin, and bovine thyroglobulin.
- 24. (original) The antibody of claim 22 wherein L is  $(CH_2)_3$  and X is CO.
- 25. (original) The antibody of claim 24 wherein R<sup>1</sup> is ethyl and R<sup>3</sup> is methyl.
- 26. (original) A reagent kit comprising the antibody of claim 16.
- 27. (original) A reagent kit comprising the antibody of claim 17.
- 28. (original) A reagent kit comprising the antibody of claim 18.

### **CLAIMS LISTING 3/17/05**

 (currently amended) A method for producing an antibody comprising inoculating a host with an immunogen comprising the structure

wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is an alkyl group comprising 2-6 carbon atoms,

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl groups, and protecting groups,

R<sup>3</sup> is an optionally substituted alkyl group comprising 1-4 carbon atoms, and

Z is L-X-Q wherein L comprises 1-15 carbon atoms and 0-6 heteroatoms, with the proviso that L is bound to the ring carbon atom via -CH<sub>2</sub>- or -CH<sub>2</sub>O-, X is selected from the group consisting of O, CO, NR<sup>4</sup>, S, C(=NH)O, NH(CO), NH(CO)NH, NH(CS), NH(CS)NH, O(CO)NH, and NH(C=NH), and maleimidothioether, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl groups comprising 1-4 carbon atoms, and Q is a macromolecular carrier selected from the group consisting of proteins, polypeptides, and polysaccharides.

- 30. (original) The method of claim 29 wherein L is  $(CH_2)_3$  and X is CO.
- 31. (original) The method of claim 29 wherein R<sup>1</sup> is ethyl and R<sup>3</sup> is methyl.
- 32. (original) The method of claim 29 wherein Q is a protein selected from the group consisting of hemocyanins, globulins, and albumins.
- 33. (currently amended) A method for detecting an analyte in a sample, the analyte comprising an ecstasy drug or an ecstasy drug derivative, comprising:

contacting the sample with the antibody of claim 16 and a label which is detectable upon binding of the antibody to the analyte,

binding the antibody to the analyte, and

detecting a complex formed by the antibody and the analyte.

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- 34. (cancelled)
- 35. (cancelled)
- 36. (currently amended) A method of detecting an analyte in a sample, the analyte comprising an ecstasy drug or an ecstasy drug derivative, comprising:

contacting the sample with the antibody of claim 17 and a label which is detectable upon binding of the antibody to the analyte,

binding the antibody to the analyte, and

detecting a complex formed by the antibody and the analyte.

- 37. (cancelled)
- 38. (cancelled)